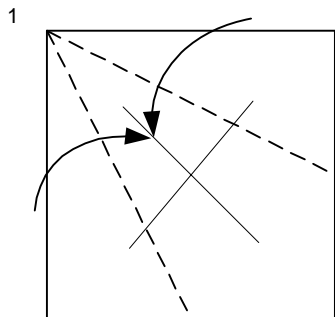
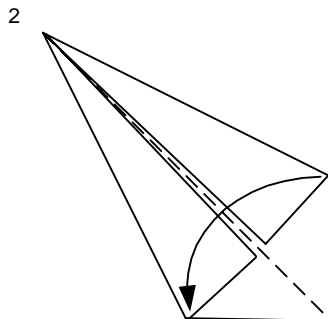


Prison Break Duck

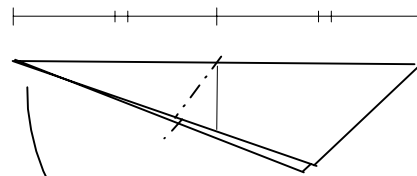
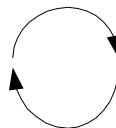
Diagrams by D. Flett



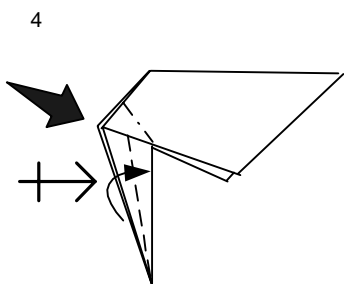
1
Precrease diagonally.
Then kite fold.



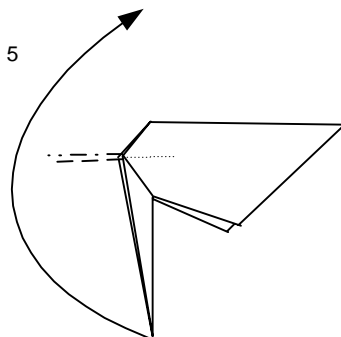
2
Valley fold model in half.



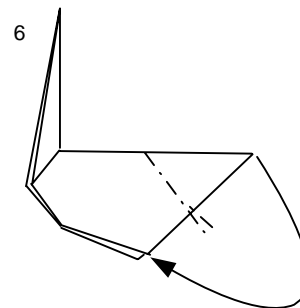
3
Reverse fold using
the precrease from
step 1 as an angle
bisector.



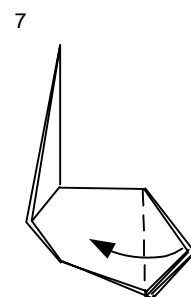
4
Valley fold the neck, while squash
folding the corner. Repeat behind.



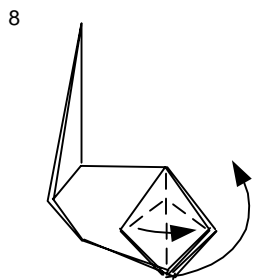
5
Reverse fold the neck
up as far as it will go.



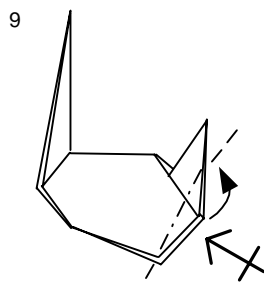
6
Reverse fold to the tail so
that the two points touch.



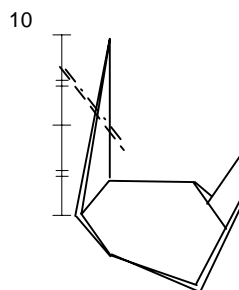
7
Open flap as far
as it will go.



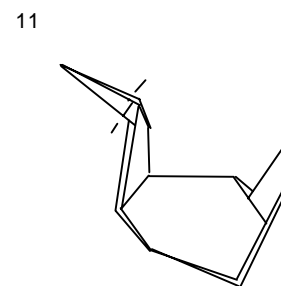
8
Fold the bottom point
up while closing the
flap.



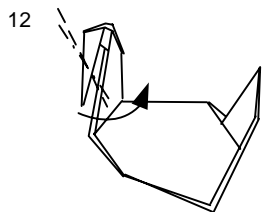
9
Mountain fold
the tail flap
inside (almost a
kite fold, but not
all of the way).
Repeat behind.



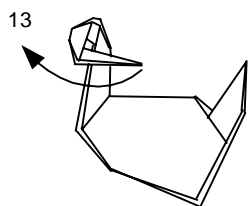
10
Inside reverse fold the
head. The bottom part
of the crease is roughly
made at the half way
point between the tip
and the chest.



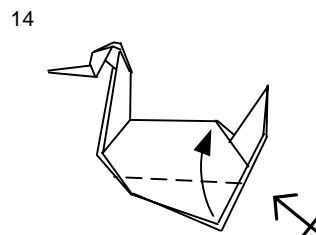
11
Outside reverse fold
the head (the beak
will become parallel
to the neck)



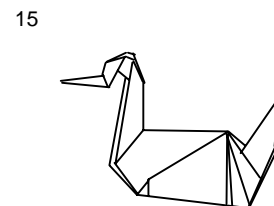
12
Inside reverse fold the beak,
but keep the point outside of
the neck. If you can, make
the beak parallel to duck's
back (top of model).



13
Inside reverse fold the beak.
If you got the angle right on
the last step and this one,
the beak will point down
slightly.



14
Valley foldpoint of the wing to
opposing point on the back (there
is a vertical precrease). Repeat
behind.



15
Unfold the flaps (from
the previous step)
enough so that the
duck stands flat.